

UTILIZATION MANAGEMENT MEDICAL POLICY

POLICY: Colony Stimulating Factors – Ryzneuta Utilization Management Medical Policy

- Ryzneuta® (efbemalenograstim alfa-vuxw subcutaneous injection – Evive)

REVIEW DATE: 10/29/2025

OVERVIEW

Ryzneuta, a granulocyte colony stimulating factor (G-CSF), is indicated to **decrease the incidence of infection, as manifested by febrile neutropenia**, in adults with non-myeloid malignancies receiving myelosuppressive anti-cancer drugs associated with a clinically significant incidence of febrile neutropenia.¹

Limitation of use: Ryzneuta is not indicated for the mobilization of peripheral blood progenitor cells (PBPCs) for hematopoietic stem cell transplantation.¹

Safety and effectiveness in pediatric patients have not been established.¹

Guidelines

The National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) guidelines for **hematopoietic growth factors** (version 1.2025 – October 11, 2024) recommend Ryzneuta, along with other CSFs, for prophylactic use if the patient is receiving anti-cancer medications that are associated with a high (> 20%) incidence of severe neutropenia with fever.² Consider CSF therapy for patients with an intermediate (10% to 20%) probability of developing febrile neutropenia based on risk factors. The NCCN guidelines also recommend therapy with CSFs in other scenarios in those given myelosuppressive chemotherapy. Treatment for patients with radiation -induced myelosuppression following a radiologic/nuclear incident (hematopoietic acute radiation syndrome [H-ARS]) is also recommended. Of note, pegfilgrastim products, Rolvedon® (eflapegrastim-xnst subcutaneous injection), and Ryzneuta have only been studied for prophylactic use, not for treatment of febrile neutropenia.

Dosing Information

Definitive dosing has not been established for the use of Ryzneuta in the treatment of adults with H-ARS. Neulasta® (pegfilgrastim subcutaneous injection) is indicated for this use and per the labeling, the recommended dose is two doses administered subcutaneously via single-dose prefilled syringe one week apart.³ Ryzneuta is available as a 20 mg/mL single-dose prefilled syringe.

POLICY STATEMENT

Prior Authorization is recommended for medical benefit coverage of Ryzneuta. Approval is recommended for those who meet the **Criteria and Dosing** for the listed indication. Extended approvals are allowed if the patient continues to meet the Criteria and Dosing. Requests for doses outside of the established dosing documented in this policy will be considered on a case-by-case basis by a clinician (i.e., Medical Director or Pharmacist). All approvals are provided for the duration noted below. In cases where the approval is authorized in months, 1 month is equal to 30 days. Because of the specialized skills required for evaluation and diagnosis of patients treated with Ryzneuta as well as the monitoring required for adverse events and long-term efficacy, approval requires Ryzneuta to be prescribed by or in consultation with a physician who specializes in the condition being treated.

Automation: None.

RECOMMENDED AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA

Coverage of Ryzneuta is recommended in those who meet one of the following criteria:

FDA-Approved Indication

- 1. Cancer in a Patient Receiving Myelosuppressive Chemotherapy.** Approve for 6 months if the patient meets ALL of the following (A, B, and C):
 - A)** Patient is \geq 18 years of age; AND
 - B)** Patient meets ONE of the following (i, ii, or iii):
 - i.** Patient is receiving myelosuppressive anti-cancer medications that are associated with a high risk of febrile neutropenia (the risk is at least 20% based on the chemotherapy regimen); OR
 - ii.** Patient meets BOTH of the following (a and b):
 - a)** Patient is receiving myelosuppressive anti-cancer medications that are associated with a risk of febrile neutropenia, but the risk is less than 20% based on the chemotherapy regimen; AND
 - b)** Patient has at least ONE risk factor for febrile neutropenia according to the prescriber; OR
Note: Examples of risk factors include age $>$ 65 year receiving full chemotherapy dose intensity; prior chemotherapy or radiation therapy; persistent neutropenia; bone marrow involvement by tumor; recent surgery and/or open wounds; liver dysfunction (bilirubin $>$ 2.0 mg/dL); renal dysfunction (creatinine clearance $<$ 50 mL/min); poor performance status; patient with human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection and low CD4 counts.
 - iii.** Patient meets BOTH of the following (a and b):
 - a)** Patient has had a neutropenic complication from a prior chemotherapy cycle and did not receive prophylaxis with a colony stimulating factor; AND
Note: Examples of colony stimulating factors include filgrastim products, pegfilgrastim products, Rolvedon (eflapegrastim-xnst subcutaneous injection).
 - b)** A reduced dose or frequency of chemotherapy may compromise treatment outcome; AND
 - C)** The medication is prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist or hematologist.

Dosing. Approve up to 20 mg by subcutaneous injection no more frequently than once every 2 weeks.

Other Use with Supportive Evidence

- 2. Radiation Syndrome (Hematopoietic Syndrome of Acute Radiation Syndrome [H-ARS]).** Approve for 1 month if the patient meets BOTH of the following (A and B):
 - A)** Patient is \geq 18 years of age; AND
 - B)** The medication is prescribed by or in consultation with a physician who has expertise in treating acute radiation syndrome.

Dosing. Approve two doses of up to 20 mg by subcutaneous injection no more frequently than 1 week apart.

CONDITIONS NOT RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL

Coverage of Ryzneuta is not recommended in the following situations:

- Peripheral Blood Progenitor Cell (PBPC) Collection and Therapy.** As a limitation of use in the Ryzneuta prescribing information, it is noted that Ryzneuta is not indicated for the mobilization of peripheral blood progenitor cells for hematopoietic stem cell transplantation.¹
- Coverage is not recommended for circumstances not listed in the Recommended Authorization Criteria. Criteria will be updated as new published data are available.

REFERENCES

- Ryzneuta® subcutaneous injection [prescribing information]. Singapore: Evive; March 2024.
- The NCCN Hematopoietic Growth Factors Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology (version 1.2025 – October 11, 2024). © 2025 National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Available at: <http://www.nccn.org>. Accessed on October 7, 2025.
- Neulasta® subcutaneous injection [prescribing information]. Thousand Oaks, CA: Amgen; April 2025.

HISTORY

Type of Revision	Summary of Changes	Review Date
New Policy	--	12/20/2023
Early Annual Revision	Cancer in a Patient Receiving Myelosuppressive Chemotherapy: The Note providing examples of risk factors for febrile neutropenia was updated from “ ≥ 65 years” to “ > 65 years of age receiving full chemotherapy dose intensity”, liver dysfunction was defined as “bilirubin > 2.0 mg/dL”, renal dysfunction was defined as “creatinine clearance < 50 mL/min”, and human immunodeficiency infection patients was clarified to add “with low CD4 counts.” The requirement for a patient to have had a neutropenic complication from the “previous” chemotherapy cycle was updated to “prior” chemotherapy cycle.	10/09/2024
Annual Revision	Cancer in a Patient Receiving Myelosuppressive Chemotherapy: The Note was updated from “human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection patients with low CD4 counts” to “a patient with HIV infection and low CD4 counts.” In addition, dosing was clarified to be up to 20 mg (previously was 20 mg). Radiation Syndrome (Hematopoietic Syndrome of Acute Radiation Syndrome): This Other Use with Supportive Evidence was added as a new condition of approval. A new dosing limitation was added.	10/29/2025